

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

that the collection of subjects that the author has made might better have been developed under the head of *Title to Real Property*. But notwithstanding this criticism, the writer is quite sure that the practitioner who is familiar with the plan of the work will find it a convenient and useful book, and that it is usually accurate in its text and in the citation of authorities.

H. B. H.

Fallacies of the Law. By Henry S. Wilcox, of the Chicago Bar. Chicago: Legal Literature Co., 1907, pp. 206.

This is the fourth of a series by the author on kindred themes. The preceding volumes have already been reviewed (See Michigan Law Review, Vol. V, pp. 156, 308, 494). Very little can be said in criticism of this number which has not already been said in regard to the other members of the series. By way of commendation one may say that the present volume is somewhat more restrained than its predecessors in its denunciations of the evils, real and imaginary, which the author condemns. It avoids, too, the rhythmical prose of the Frailties of the Jury. The series as a whole may serve a useful purpose amidst the literature of exposé, which has had such a run during the past few years, but one can not help growing a little weary of the utterances of a reformer who gives us such an infinite deal of destructive criticism with so little of the constructive.

Personal Injury Cases in Illinois. By R. Waite-Joslyn, LL.M., of the Kane County Bar, Elgin, Ill. Chicago: J. H. Flood & Co., 1908, pp. lxx, 672.

In this book Mr. Joslyn has given the profession something better than an index-digest, consisting of catch words of doubtful value, and much better, as a working tool, for the active practitioner than a general digest consisting of volumes of collected syllabi. The general digest is necessary, but in this day of many books the active lawyer demands a guide to a case in point by the shortest route. The author, in his prefatory note, announces an "attempt to gather together all the cases and all the law for quick reference," on the subject of personal injuries, decided by the courts of Illinois. This appears to have been exceptionally well done.

While the book is prepared with special reference to cases that have been decided by the state courts of Illinois, it will be of great assistance in any jurisdiction where the common law is followed. Personal injury cases are perhaps more common and varied in character in that state than in any other, except perhaps the state of New York, and the decisions of the Illinois courts are, generally speaking, carefully considered and of potent authority. The work places in the lawyer's hand a large fund of illustration and application of principles governing civil damages cases. It would be well for the profession if a book of like character were given us covering the court decisions of every state in the Union.

The author has been careful to prepare a table of contents, a table of cases and an index, so complete that little is left to be desired, and the publishers have in type, paper and binding made a book that is handled and read with complete satisfaction.

J. C. K.